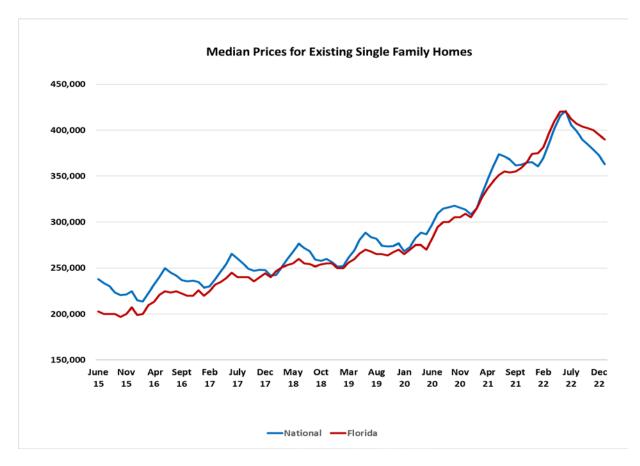
Documentary Stamp Tax Executive Summary March 2023

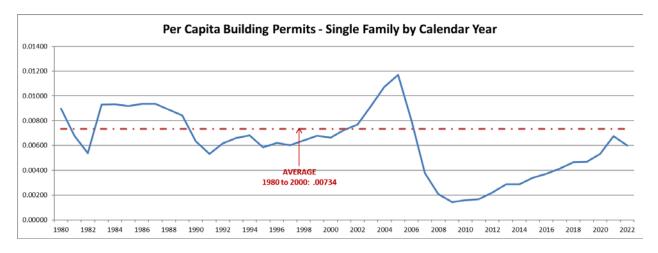
Documentary Stamp Tax collections in FY 2021-22 topped the FY 2020-21 peak established just one year ago. The collection growth in the past two fiscal years was particularly remarkable considering that FY 2019-20 registered only 70.8 percent of the prior peak level reached in FY 2005-06, after steadily increasing for ten years from a low of 26.6 percent of that level.

Because construction activity continues to be subpar relative to the state's long-term average, attention over the past few years has focused on the market for existing homes as an upstream indicator of future construction need. All market metrics point to an existing home market that was overheated and is rapidly cooling off. Existing home sales volume in each of the calendar years from 2014 to 2022 exceeded the 2005 peak year, but the last seven months of 2022 slowed, posting significantly lower sales than the prior year. The story is different for sales price. Through October 2021, Florida's existing home price gains roughly tracked national gains, but generally stayed below the national median price. From November 2021 through January 2023, Florida's median price was at or above the national median, peaking in January at 107.4 percent. Florida's median price first surpassed its own prior peak (\$256,200 from June 2006) in June 2018—and at \$420,000 in May and June 2022, set a new record high. Notably, Florida's price dropped to \$389,990 in January, but was still above the national median.



The upward pressure on Florida prices has likely been caused by the tightening supply produced by the convergence of two different forces. Breaking a trend seen since the end of the state's housing boom, the excess number of homes that moved into the market from the foreclosure process came to an end prior to the pandemic. Part of the past difference in strength between sales volume and price was attributable to the fact that the supply of existing homes for sale in Florida had been inflated by the atypically large number of homes coming out of the lengthy foreclosure process and into the market. As these homes returned to the available sales inventory, they dampened some of the price changes suggested by the steadily increasing demand. This supply-boosting result of foreclosures has unwound. What is more, the newly tightened supply met increased demand over the last 30 months as a consequence of the record low interest rates induced by the Federal Reserve's actions to institute rate cuts to near-zero percent as a firewall between the pandemic-related turmoil in the economy at-large and the financial system. These low interest rate levels likely induced potential homebuyers to act earlier than they otherwise would have.

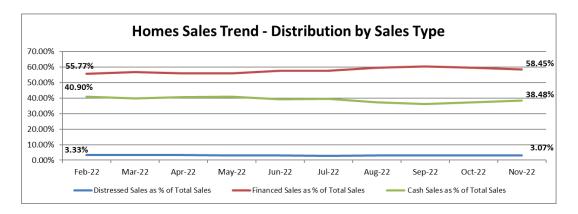
The Federal Reserve's actions also helped boost the construction market. Despite the strong double-digit growth in six of the preceding eight calendar years, the per capita level was still well below historic standards for single family building permits in 2019—just 63.9 percent of the long-run per capita level. With the robust growth seen in 2021, this percentage reached 92.2 percent. However, this percentage reduced to 81.5 percent in 2022.



With a fully recovered existing home market and elevated home prices due to the interaction of strong demand and short supply, Documentary Stamp Tax collections were 132.1 percent of the 2005-2006 fiscal year peak as the 2021-22 fiscal year ended. In the 2022-23 fiscal year, Documentary Stamp Tax collections are expected to be 89.6 percent of the 2005-2006 fiscal year peak, as the volume of existing home sales at the currently high sales prices is not expected to be sustainable. For the 2023-24 fiscal year, Documentary Stamp Tax collections are expected to drop to 70.5 percent of the 2005-2006 fiscal year peak as affordability increasingly becomes an issue and interest rates remain high.

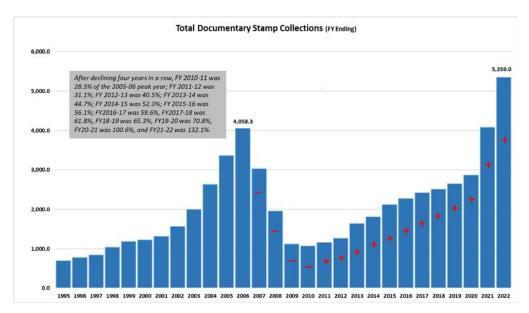
The distinction between deeds and notes within the tax base is also a factor behind the expected decline. While financed sales continue to be the biggest percentage of all sales (ending November 2022 with a share of 58.5 percent), the share for cash sales remains elevated—in spite

of decreasing to 38.5 percent in November 2022 from 40.9 percent in February 2022. A cash sale results in a deed; it does not result in a note. This means that the feed-through to Documentary Tax Stamp taxes is muted.



A final factor is the increase in interest rates from the recent historic lows. In December 2022, the 30 year mortgage fixed rate was 6.6 percent, significantly higher than the 5.3 percent recorded in July 2022. The Mortgage Bankers Association now expects the 30-year fixed rate to be 5.3 percent by the fourth quarter of the 2023 calendar year, and remain as high as 4.6 percent for the 2024 calendar year. These levels will likely be sufficient to leave dampened sales activity in their wake.

With affordability challenges, a high volume of cash sales, the surge of buying activity earlier than expected in the pre-pandemic forecast, and the end of record low interest rates, documentary stamp tax collections in FY 2022-23 are expected to decrease 32.2 percent to \$3.64 billion. The negative growth trend is expected continue through FY 2023-24, with an additional loss over the already dampened prior year of -21.3 percent. In the long term, the annual growth is anticipated to return to 3.0 percent.



The table below shows both the new forecast for total collections from the Documentary Stamp Tax and the constitutionally required distribution to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund (LATF).

The new estimates for the LATF are expected to be lower from FY 2022-23 to FY 2024-25 and then stay at slightly higher levels in the remaining forecast years, relative to those adopted in August 2022. The constitutional provisions requiring the set-aside of funds into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund expire July 1, 2035. The new long-run forecast does not assume the Legislature continues this treatment beyond that date.

Documentary	Stamp Tax To	otal Collectio	ons	Land Acquisition Trust Fund													
Fiscal Year	Total Doc Stamps	Percent Change		Total to LATF	Debt Service	Remainder LATF	Total to LATF	Debt Service	Remainder LATF	Total to LATF	Debt Service	Remainder LATF					
					(New Esi	mates)		(Old Estir	mates)	(Difference)							
2022-23	3,635.0	-32.2%		1,196.3	124.0	1,072.3	1,489.6	124.2	1,365.4	(293.3)	(0.2)	(293.1)					
2023-24	2,861.8	-21.3%		941.2	104.6	836.5	1,329.2	104.8	1,224.3	(388.0)	(0.2)	(387.8)					
2024-25	3,285.2	14.8%		1,080.9	104.6	976.2	1,341.2	104.8	1,236.3	(260.3)	(0.2)	(260.1)					
2025-26	3,578.6	8.9%		1,177.7	81.1	1,096.6	1,143.7	81.3	1,062.4	34.0	(0.2)	34.2					
2026-27	3,678.9	2.8%		1,210.8	60.7	1,150.1	1,160.9	60.9	1,100.0	49.9	(0.2)	50.1					
2027-28	3,785.6	2.9%		1,246.0	44.2	1,201.8	1,190.0	44.4	1,145.6	56.0	(0.2)	56.2					
2028-29	3,899.2	3.0%		1,283.5	24.6	1,258.9	1,225.9	24.8	1,201.0	57.7	(0.2)	57.8					
2029-30	4,016.2	3.0%		1,322.1	6.7	1,315.4	1,262.7	6.9	1,255.8	59.4	(0.2)	59.6					
2030-31	4,136.6	3.0%		1,361.9	6.7	1,355.1	1,300.7	6.9	1,293.7	61.2	(0.2)	61.4					
2031-32	4,260.7	3.0%		1,402.8	6.7	1,396.1	1,339.8	6.9	1,332.9	63.0	(0.2)	63.2					
2032-33	4,388.6	3.0%		1,445.0	3.4	1,441.6	1,380.1	3.4	1,376.7	64.9	-	64.9					
2033-34	4,520.2	3.0%		1,488.4	3.4	1,485.0	1,421.6	3.4	1,418.2	66.9	-	66.8					
2034-35	4,655.8	3.0%		1,533.2	3.4	1,529.8	1,464.3	3.4	1,460.9	68.9	-	68.8					
2035-36	4,795.5	3.0%		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2036-37	4,939.4	3.0%		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2037-38	5,087.5	3.0%		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2038-39	5,240.2	3.0%		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2039-40	5,397.4	3.0%		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					

Note: Estimates in bold were adopted at the General Revenue Estimating Conference (March 2023). The constitutional provisions requiring the set-aside of funds into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund expire July 1, 2035. The new long-run forecast does not assume the Legislature continues this treatment beyond that date.

ľ	/larch 13, 2	2023																					
:	Statutory %s	\$ Cap	F.S Reference	Description	2021-22*	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	2030-31	2031-32	2032-33	2033-34	2034-35	2035-36	2036-37	2038-38	2038-39	2039-40
				Total Collection	5359.0	3635.0	2861.8	3285.2	3578.6	3678.9	3785.6	3899.2	4016.2	4136.6	4260.7	4388.6	4520.3	4655.9	4795.5	4939.4	5087.6	5240.2	5397.
			201.15	DOR Admin Cost	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.
				Remainder available for distribution	5344.5	3625.2	2852.0	3275.4	3568.8	3669.1	3775.8	3889.4	4006.4	4126.8	4250.9	4378.8	4510.5	4646.1	4785.7	4929.6	5077.8	5230.4	5387.
			(1)	Debt Service (deposited to LATF)	123.9	124.0	104.6	104.6	81.1	60.7	44.2	24.6	6.7	6.7	6.7	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
				- Florida Forever	101.2	101.5	82.1	82.1	65.2	44.8	34.9	15.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				- Everglades Restoration Bonds Prior to July 1, 2016	22.7	22.5	22.5	22.5	15.9	15.9	9.3	9.3	6.7	6.7	6.7	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			(2)	Land Acquisition Trust Fund (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)	1639.8	1072.3	836.5	976.2	1096.6	1150.1	1201.8	1258.9	1315.4	1355.1	1396.1	1441.6	1485.0	1529.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	25.00%	200.00	375.041(3))(b)1. 1. Everglades Projects / Comp Everglades Rest Plan	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
			375.041(3))(b)1. +++ South Florida Water Management District	32.0	32.0	32.0																
	76.50%	100.00	375.041(3))(b)1. +++ Planning, Engineering and Construction	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0														
			375.041(3))(b)1. +++ Remaining Everglades Purposes	68.0	68.0	68.0	100.0	100.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.60%	50.00	375.041(3)		50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			375.041(3)		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0														
			375.041((3)(b) 4. Debt Service / Bonds Post July 1, 2016 [pursuant to 375.041(3)(b)]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		64.00	375.041(3)		64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		50.00	375.041(3)	·· ·	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				idual 7. Uncommitted Cash Based on Statutory Provisions	1270.8		467.5			786.1	837.8	894.9	951.4			1077.6		1165.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	33.00%		(3)	Total to Land Acquisition Trust Fund	1763.7	1196.3	941.2	1080.9	1177.7	1210.8	1246.0	1283.5	1322.1	1361.8	1402.8	1445.0	1488.5	1533.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				Remainder	3580.8	2428.9	1910 8	2194.5	2391 1	2458 3	2529.8	2605.9	2684.3	2765.0	2848 1	2933.8	3022.0	3112.9	4785.7	4929.6	5077.8	5230.4	5387.6
	8.00%		215.20(1)	General Revenue Service Charge	287.2		153.7	176.4		197.5	203.2	209.3	215.5	222.0	228.6	235.5	242.5	249.8	383.6	395.2	407.0	419.2	431.8
	0.0070		201.15(4)	Net Available for Distribution	3293.6			2018.2			2326.6		2468.8							4534.5		4811.2	
STTF																							
		0.00	(a)	State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund (DEO)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	20.55%	466.75	(a)	State Transportation Trust Fund	484.3	458.9	361.0	414.6	451.8	464.5	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8	466.8
GDTF	0.15%	3.25	(b)	Grants and Donations Trust Fund (DEO)	3.387	3.250	2.560	2.940	3.200	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250	3.250
SHTF		0.00		State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund (DEO)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.50%	2.25%		(c)	State Housing Trust Fund	74.1	50.3	39.5	45.4	49.5	50.9	52.4	53.9	55.6	57.2	58.9	60.7	62.5	64.4	99.1	102.0	105.1	108.3	111.5
	2.25%		(c)	Local Government Housing Trust Fund	74.1	50.3	39.5	45.4	49.5	50.9	52.4	53.9	55.6	57.2	58.9	60.7	62.5	64.4	99.1	102.0	105.1	108.3	111.
SHTF		0.00		State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund (DEO)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.20%	0.65%		(d)	State Housing Trust Fund	21.4	14.5	11.4	13.1	14.3	14.7	15.1	15.6	16.1	16.5	17.0	17.6	18.1	18.6	28.6	29.5	30.4	31.3	32.2
	4.55%		(d)	Local Government Housing Trust Fund	149.9	101.7	80.0	91.9	100.1	102.9	105.9	109.1	112.4	115.8	119.2	122.8	126.5	130.3	200.4	206.4	212.6	219.0	225.6
GITF	0.02%	0.30	(e)	General Inspection Trust Fund	0.32	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
SEEDTF		75.00	(f)	State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund (DEO)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
RFTF	5.42%		(g)	Resilient Florida Trust Fund (RFTF)	178.4	121.0	95.2	109.3	119.1	122.5	126.0	129.8	133.8	137.8	141.9	146.2	150.6	155.1	238.5	245.7	253.0	260.7	268.
WPSPTF	5.42%		(h)	Water Protection and Sustainability Program Trust Fund (WPSPTF)	178.4	121.0	95.2	109.3	119.1	122.5	126.0	129.8	133.8	137.8	141.9	146.2	150.6	155.1	238.5	245.7	253.0	260.7	268.
				Total to Trust Funds (Except LATF)	1239.4		799.8		981.9	1007.4	1023.1	1037.5				1099.5	1116.2			1476.6	1504.6	1533.4	1563.
			(6)	Remainder To General Revenue Fund	2054.2	1237.5	957.4	1110.8	1217.1	1253.5	1303.5	1359.1	1416.4	1475.4	1536.2	1598.9	1663.3	1729.8	2952.7	3057.9	3166.2	3277.8	3392
			1-1																				

^{*} The actual FY 2021-22 distribution numbers do not add up to the total collection receipts due to timing issues related to transfers that occurred at the end of the fiscal year.

Do	cumentary	Stamp Tax To	otal Collections					Land A	quisition Tr	ust Fund			
	Fiscal	Total Doc	Percent		otal to	Debt	Remainder	Total to	Debt	Remainder	Total to	Debt	Remainder
	Year	Stamps	Change	II —	LATF	Service	LATF	LATF	Service	LATF	LATF	Service	LATF
				Щ		(New Esimates)			(Old Estin	nates)		nce)	
	1994-95	695.3	-10.3%	L									
	1995-96	775.2	11.5%						Ť			1	
	1996-97	844.2	8.9%										
	1997-98	1,045.4	23.8%										
	1998-99	1,185.1	13.4%										
	1999-00	1,223.5	3.2%										
	2000-01	1,313.2	7.3%										
	2001-02	1,572.5	19.7%										
	2002-03	2,001.5	27.3%										
	2003-04	2,632.1	31.5%										
	2004-05	3,365.2	27.9%										
	2005-06	4,058.3	20.6%										
	2006-07	3,032.8	-25.3%										
	2007-08	1,954.9	-35.5%										
	2008-09	1,122.8	-42.6%										
	2009-10	1,078.6	-3.9%										
	2010-11	1,156.5	7.2%										
	2011-12	1,261.6	9.1%										
	2012-13	1,643.4	30.3%										
	2013-14	1,812.5	10.3%										
	2014-15	2,120.8	17.0%										
	2015-16	2,276.9	7.4%										
	2016-17	2,417.8	6.2%										
	2017-18	2,510.0	3.8%										
	2018-19	2,651.1	5.6%										
	2019-20	2,874.9	8.4%										
	2020-21	4,082.8	42.0%	_		<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
	2021-22	5,359.0	31.3%	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ									
	2022-23	3,635.0	-32.2%		1,196.3	124.0	1,072.3	1,489.6	124.2	1,365.4	(293.3)	(0.2)	(293.1)
	2023-24	2,861.8	-21.3%	1	941.2	104.6		1,329.2		1,224.3	(388.0)		
	2024-25	3,285.2	14.8%		1,080.9	104.6		1,341.2			(260.3)		
	2025-26	3,578.6	8.9%		1,177.7	81.1		1,143.7			34.0	(0.2)	
	2026-27	3,678.9	2.8%		1,210.8	60.7		1,160.9			49.9	(0.2)	
	2027-28	3,785.6	2.9%		1,246.0	44.2		1,190.0			56.0	(0.2)	
	2028-29	3,899.2	3.0%		1,283.5	24.6		1,225.9			57.7	(0.2)	
	2029-30	4,016.2	3.0%		1,322.1	6.7		1,262.7			59.4	(0.2)	
	2030-31	4,136.6	3.0%		1,361.9	6.7		1,300.7			61.2	(0.2)	
I	2031-32	4,260.7	3.0%		1,402.8	6.7		1,339.8			63.0	(0.2)	
I	2032-33	4,388.6	3.0%		1,445.0	3.4		1,380.1			64.9	-	64.9
I	2033-34	4,520.3	3.0%		1,488.4	3.4		1,421.6			66.9	-	66.8
I	2034-35	4,655.9	3.0%		1,533.2	3.4		1,464.3			68.9	- ,	68.8
I	2035-36	4,795.5	3.0%		n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
I	2036-37	4,939.4	3.0%		n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2037-38	5,087.6	3.0%		n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2038-39	5,240.2	3.0%		n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1	2039-40	5,397.4	3.0%	11	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	a n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a